

QUINOLIZIDINE ALKALOID BIOSYNTHESIS: INSIGHTS FROM TRANSCRIPTOME ANALYSES (RNASeq)



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L.albus



L.langustifolius

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L.luteus



L.mutabilis

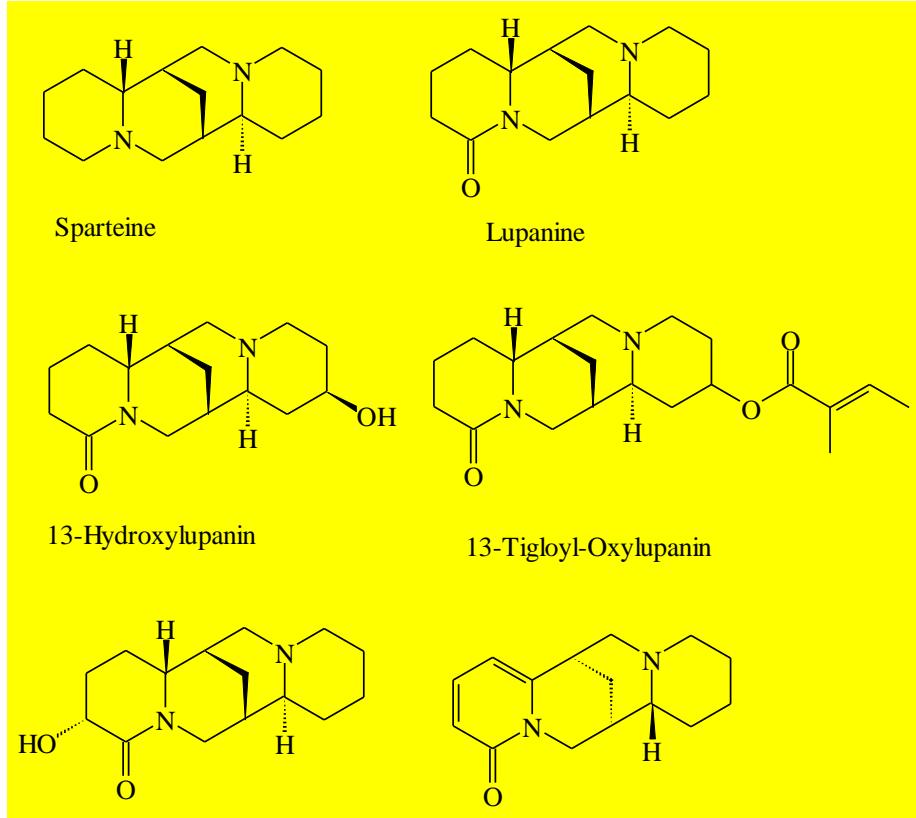
Non-nutritional Factors (NNFs)

Heat-labile NNFs

- Protease-Inhibitors

Heat-stable NNFs

- Oligosaccharides
- Saponins
- Phytic acid
- Isoflavones, flavonoids
- Quinolizidine alkaloids (QA)



High structural variability → 200 QA

Lupinus

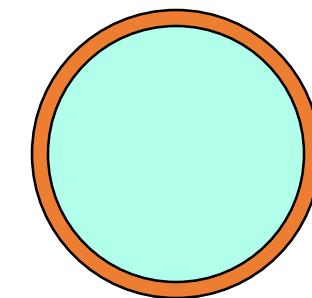
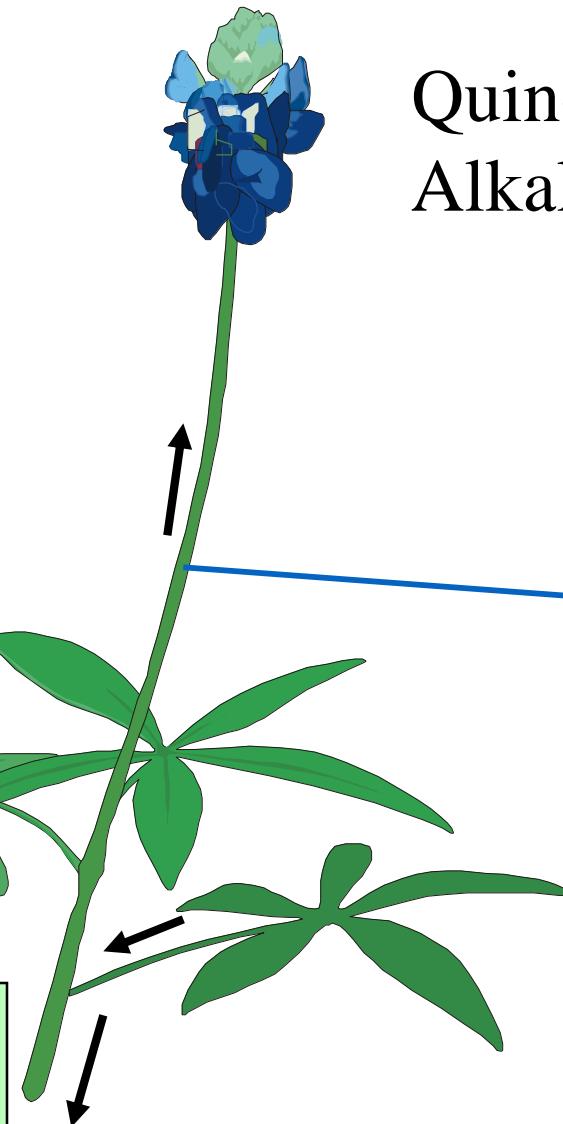
Quinolizidine
Alkaloid concentrations

Storage in vacuoles

Leaf: <4%

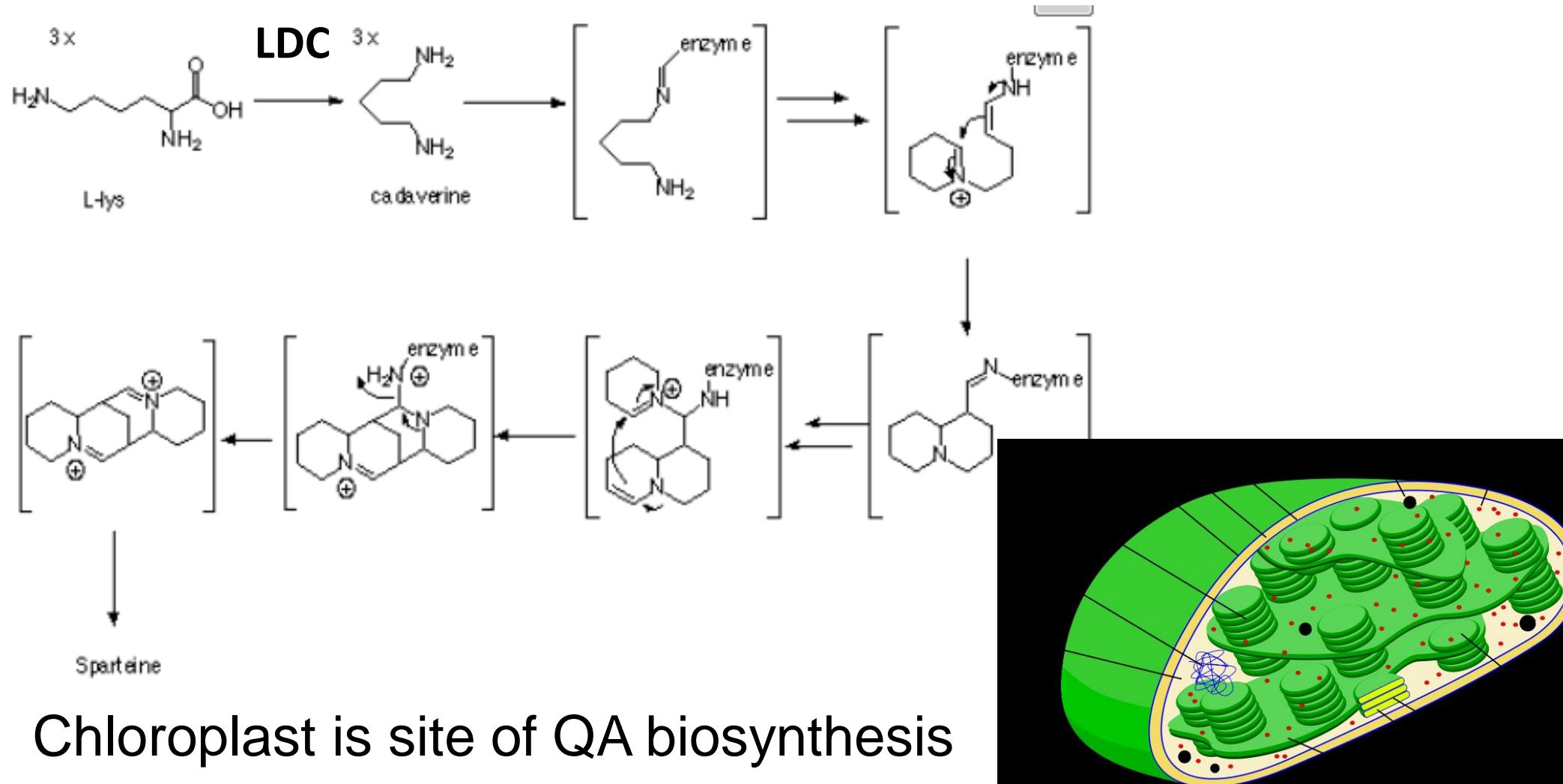
Site of biosynthesis
(chloroplast)

Flower: 4%
Carpels: 3.3%
Petals: 1%
Pollen: 4.7%
Seeds: 4-8%
Fruit: 3.9%



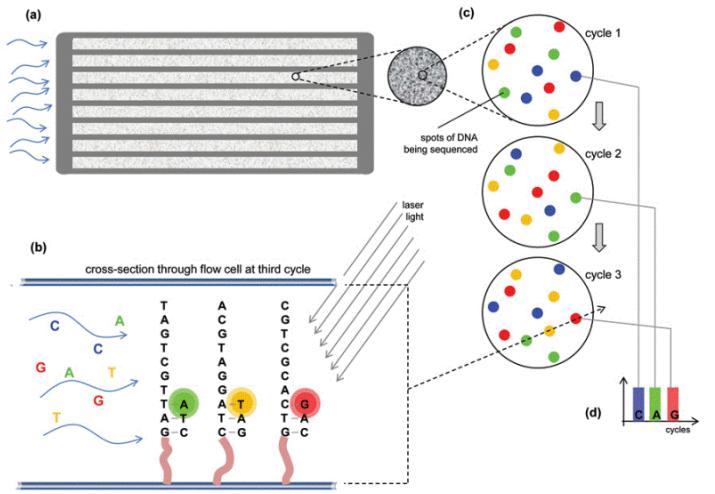
Epidermis (6%)
Phloem <5 mg/ml
Xylem <0.05 mg/ml

Biosynthesis and Physiology of Quinolizidine Alkaloids (QA)



NEXT GENERATION SEQUENCING

Sequencing by synthesis



Illumina HiSeq2500

Sequencing

First Generation: Sanger-methodology

-Capillary-Electrophoresis

Next Generation Sequencing - NGS:

- Pyrosequencing (454)
- **Sequencing by synthesis (Illumina)**
- Ion semiconductor sequencing
- Single-molecule real time sequencing (PacBio)
- Nanopore

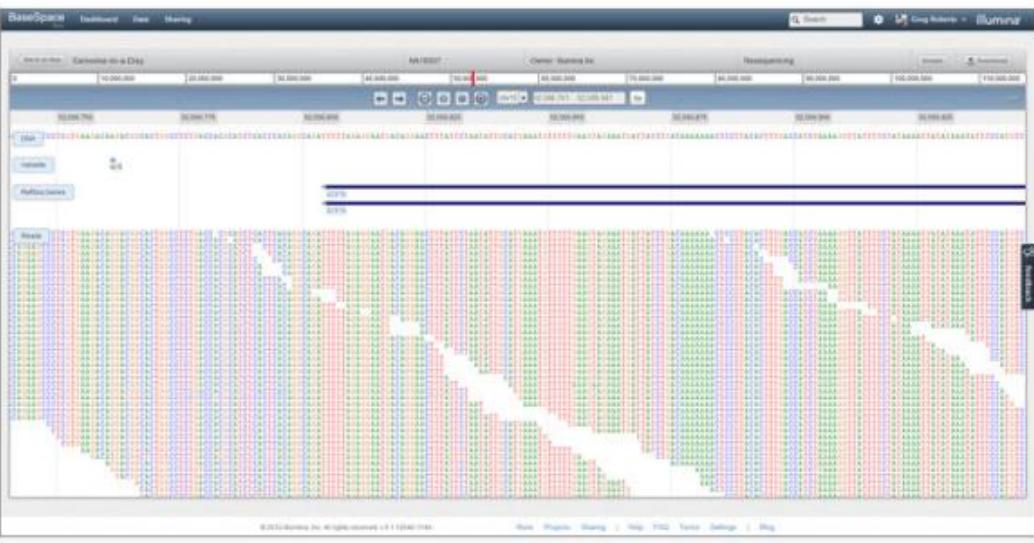


- Over 250 million reads/lane
- Alignment of reads with reference genome or reference transcriptome
- Assembly of contigs/scaffolds
- Annotation of contigs to known genes
- Transcriptome analyses:
- Quantification of transcript numbers

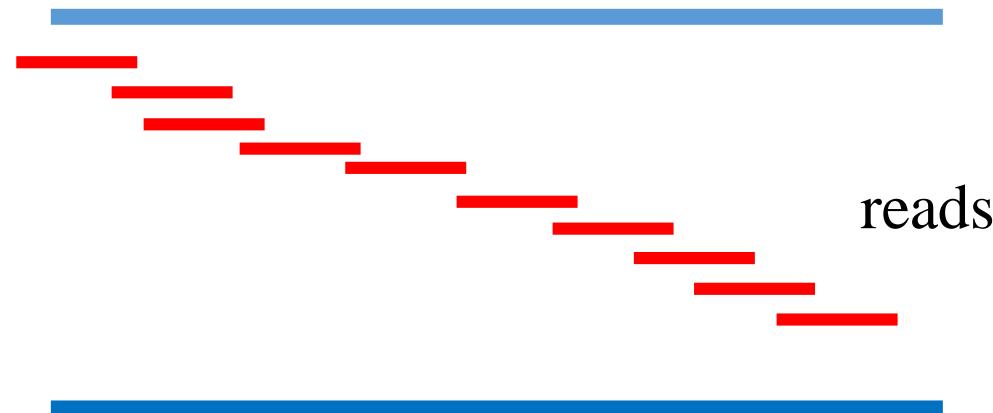
BIOINFORMATICS

- Reference genome /transcriptome
- de novo assembly

Genome-in-a-day dataset



Reference genome



Contig/scaffold

RNASeq- Pipeline

RNASeq data



TRINITY



Mapping and Quantification

bwa mem, samtools view, sort, index

idx stats

BUSCO, Blastn, blastx



Count matrix, annotation, BUSCO scores



Filter low expressed transcripts: R



filtered transcriptome

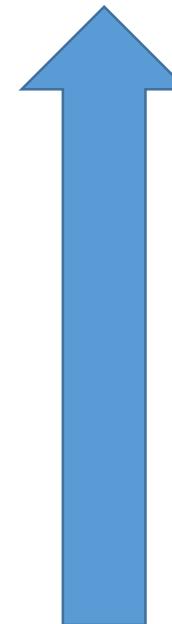
Remove redundant transcripts: CD-Hit

De novo transcriptome

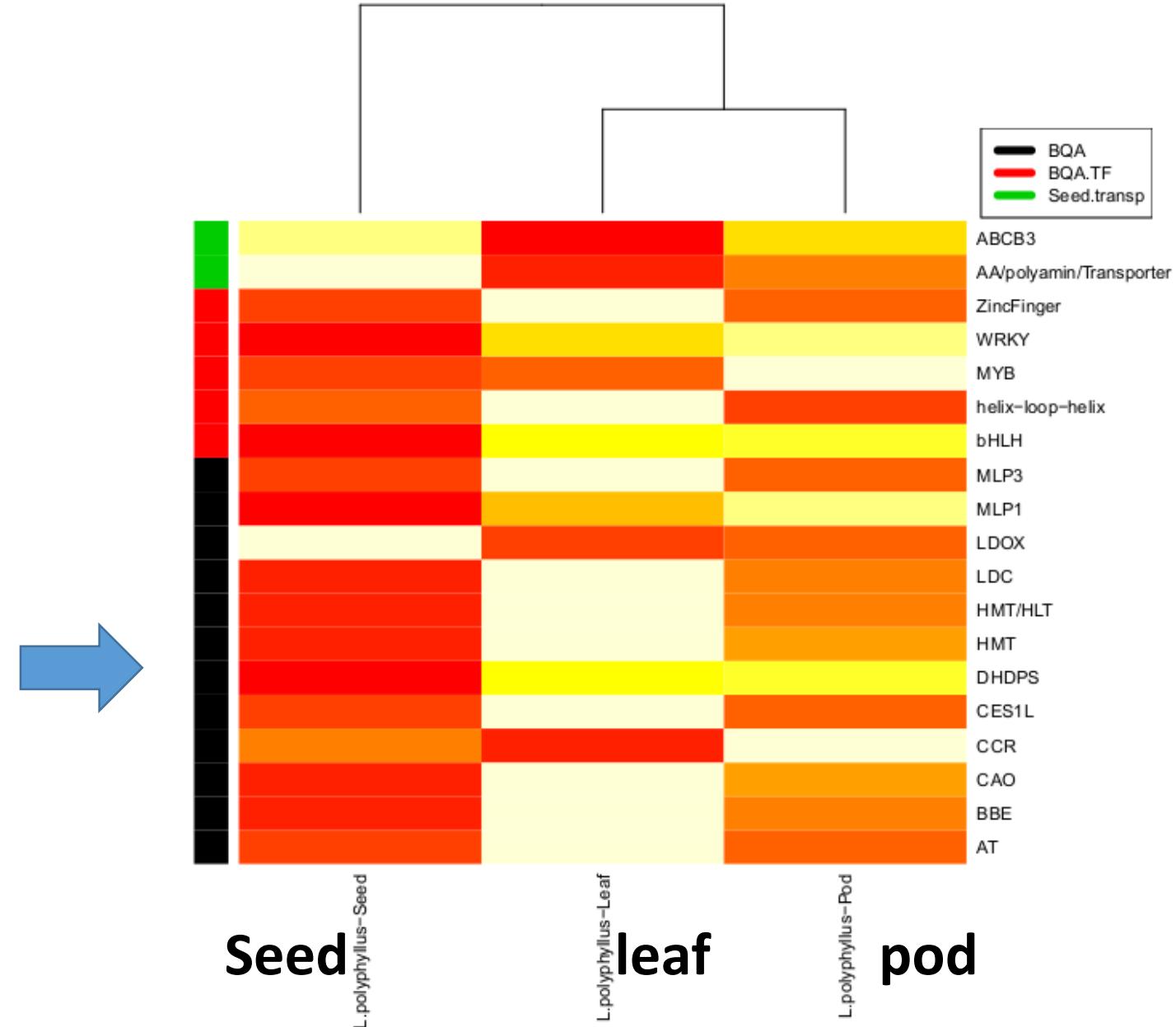
Quality metrics

Functional annotation

Quantification of expressed transcripts



Heat map: *L. polyphyllus* QA related genes



Lysine

↓ **Lysine decarboxylase (LDC)**

Cadaverine

↓ **Oxidase / transaminase**

Tetracyclic alkaloid

↓ **Estertransferase**

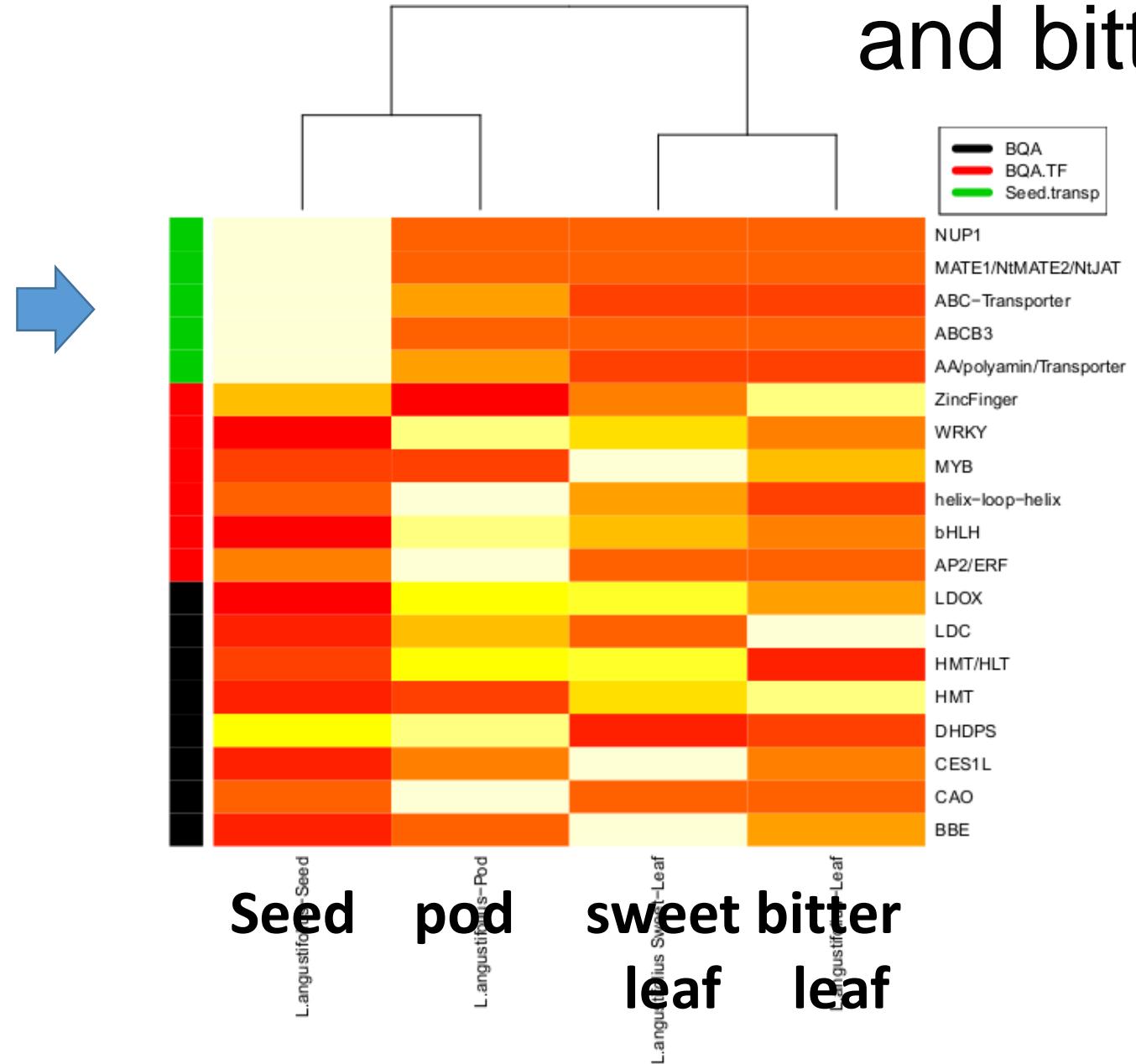
Esteralkaloids

Seed transporter

First set of candidate genes

Frick et al Front. Plant Sci., 31 January 2017

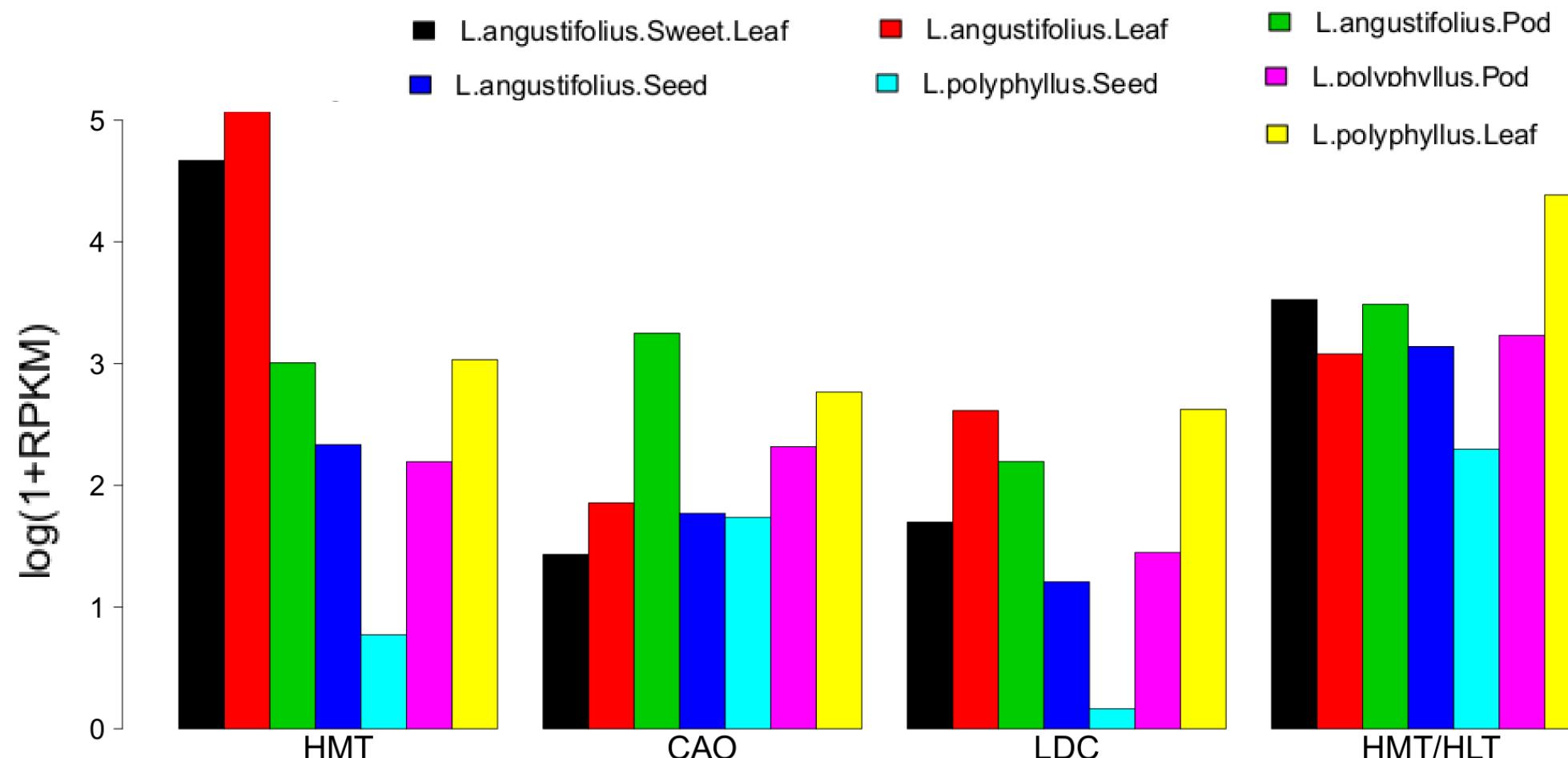
L.langustifolius QA related genes: sweet and bitter lupins



Lysine
↓ Lysine decarboxylase (LDC)
Cadaverine
↓ Oxidase / transaminase
Tetracyclic alkaloid
↓ Estertransferase
Esteralkaloids

Seed transporter

Some candidate QA biosynthesis genes



Lupinus polyphyllus

Lysine



Lysine decarboxylase (LDC)

Cadaverine



Oxidase / transaminase

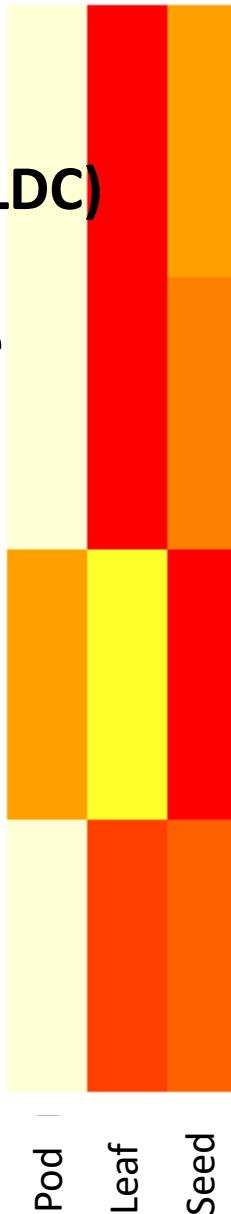
Tetracyclic alkaloid



Estertransferase

Esteralkaloids

Seed transporter

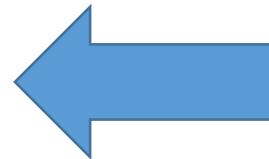


chloroplastic gamma aminobutyrate transaminase

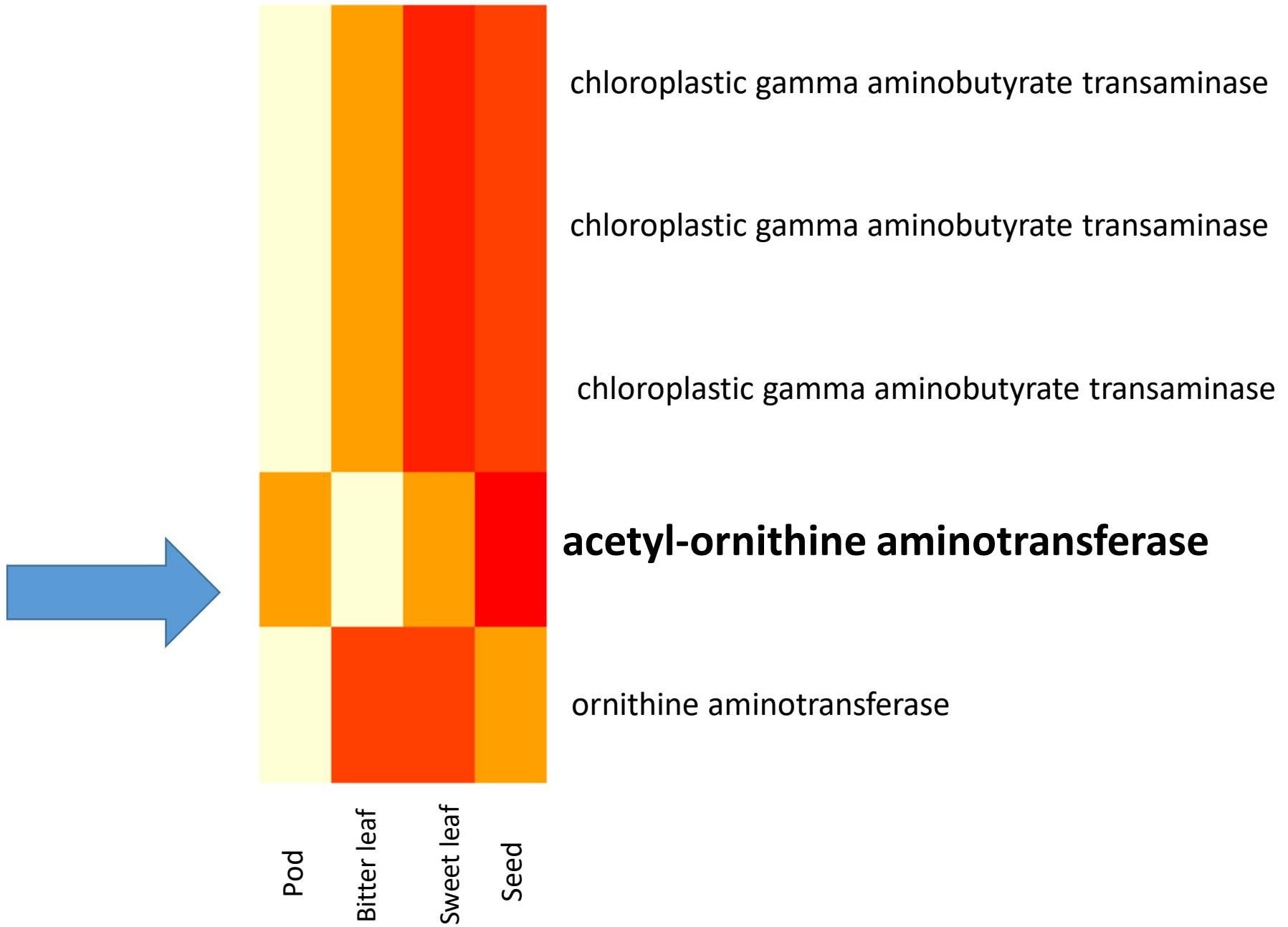
chloroplastic gamma aminobutyrate transaminase

aminotransferase

ornithine aminotransferase



Lupinus angustifolius



Some Candidate Seed transporters

Lysine

↓ Lysine decarboxylase (LDC)

Cadaverine

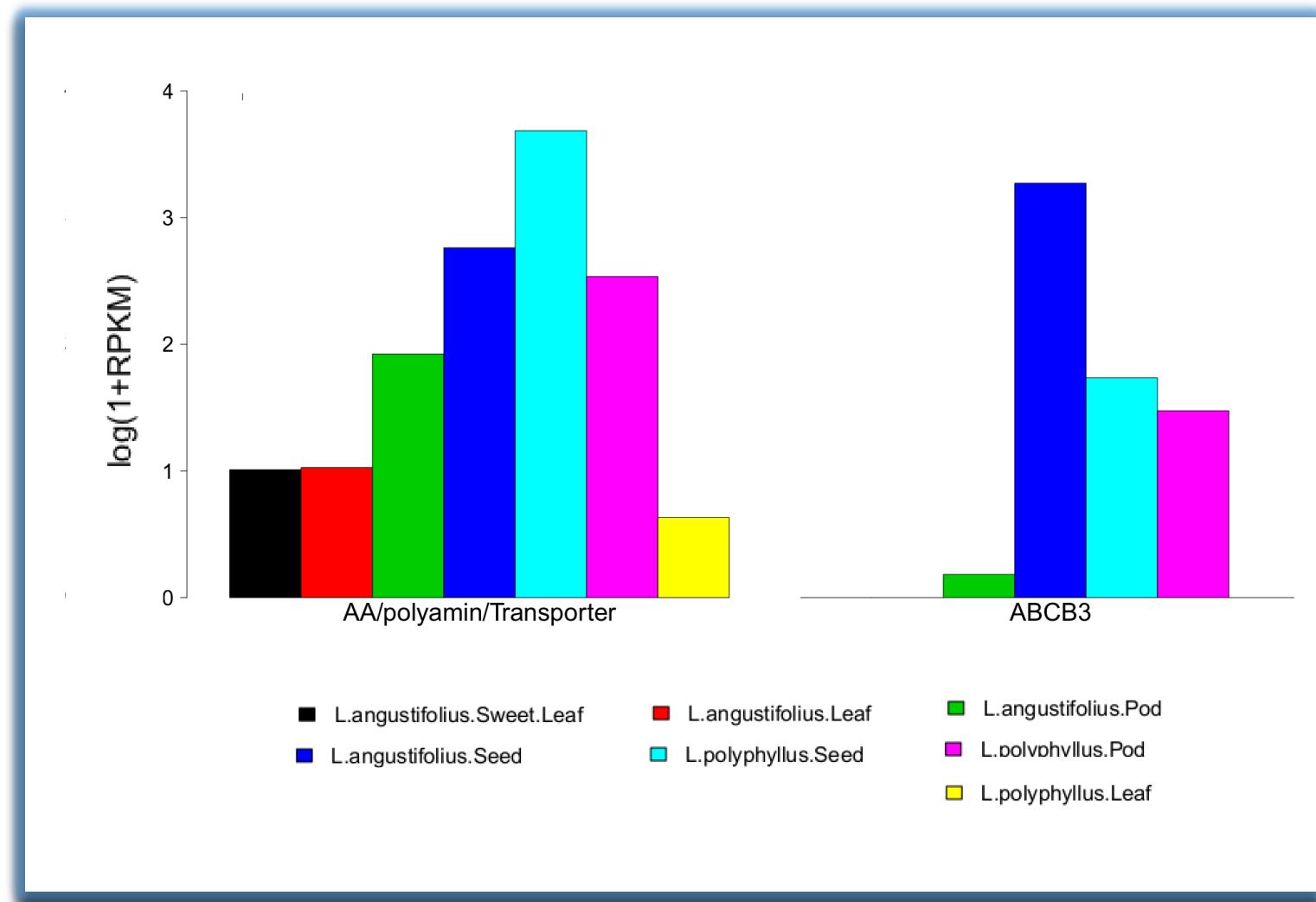
↓ Oxidase / transaminase

Tetracyclic alkaloid

↓ Estertransferase

Esteralkaloids

Seed transporter



Conclusions

- RNASeq is a powerful tool
- Identification of candidate genes
 - LDC
 - Oxidase/ aminotransferase
 - Estertransferase
 - Seed transporter
 - Transcription factors
- Deeper analyses
- Knock out mutants (CRISPR/Cas)
- Translation to lupin breeding & selection

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Thanks for your attention