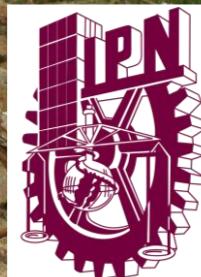


Quinolizidine alkaloids in *Lupinus*: when and how are they synthesized?

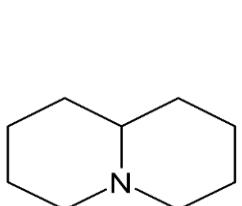
Astrid P. Ramírez Betancourt
Arianna M. Hernández Sánchez
Macdiel E. Acevedo Quiroz
Guadalupe Salcedo Morales
Kalina Bermúdez Torres

Biotechnology Department
Centre for Development of Biotic
Products, National Polytechnic Institute
Morelos, Mexico

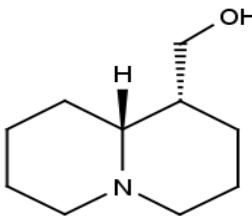
ILC, Cochabamba Bolivia, March 2019



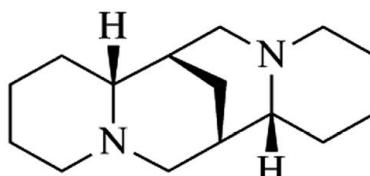
Quinolizidine alkaloids



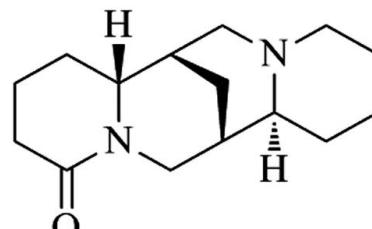
Quinolizidine



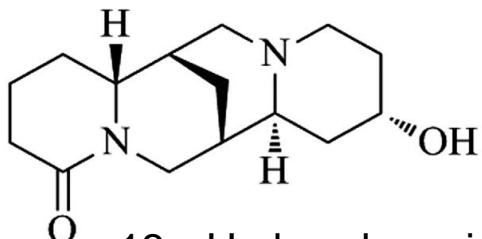
Lupinine



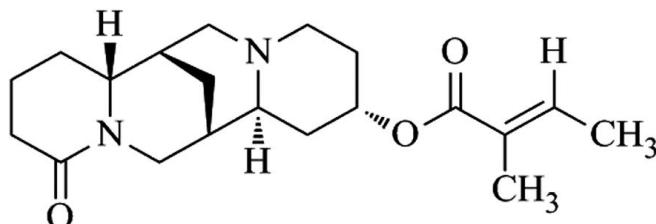
Sparteine



Luponine



13 α -Hydroxylupanine



13 α -Tigloiloxilupanine



allelopathic effect



pollination



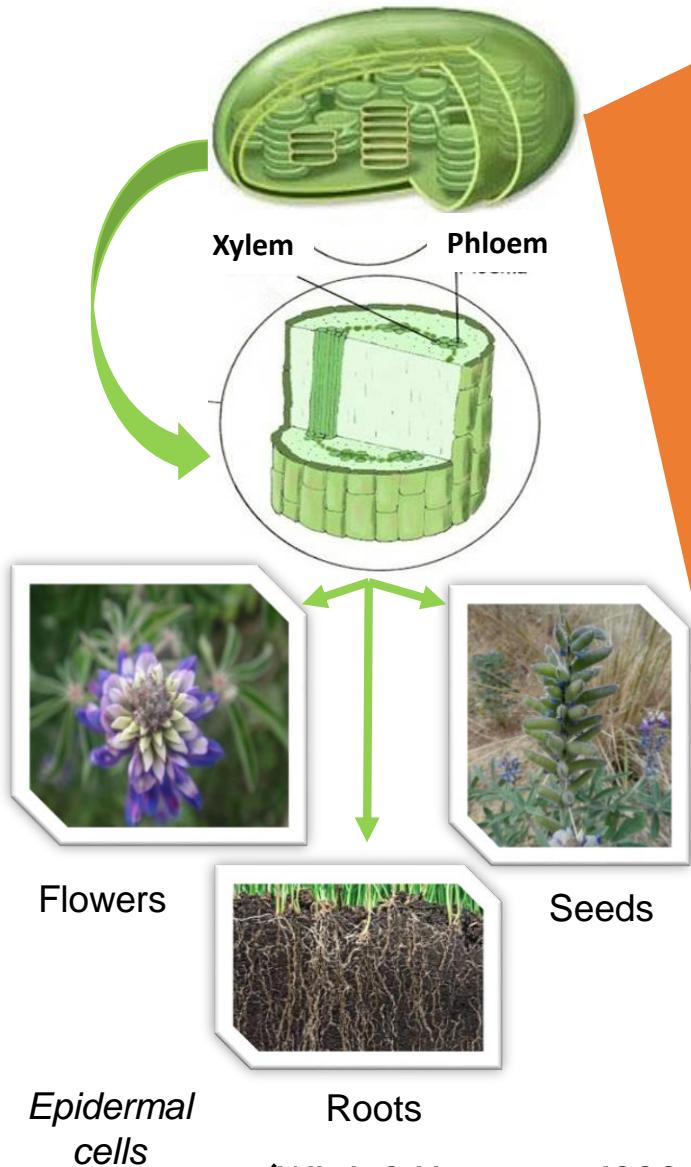
antimicrobial



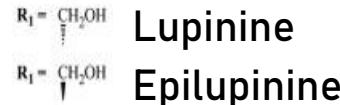
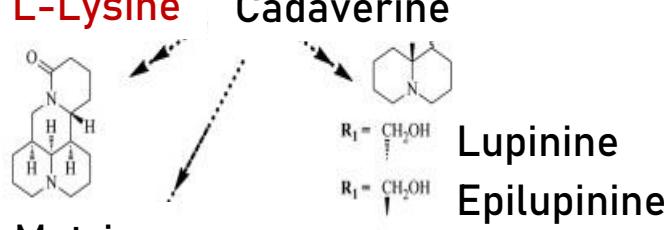
defense against herbivores

QA as defense in *Lupinus*

QA biosynthesis and transport



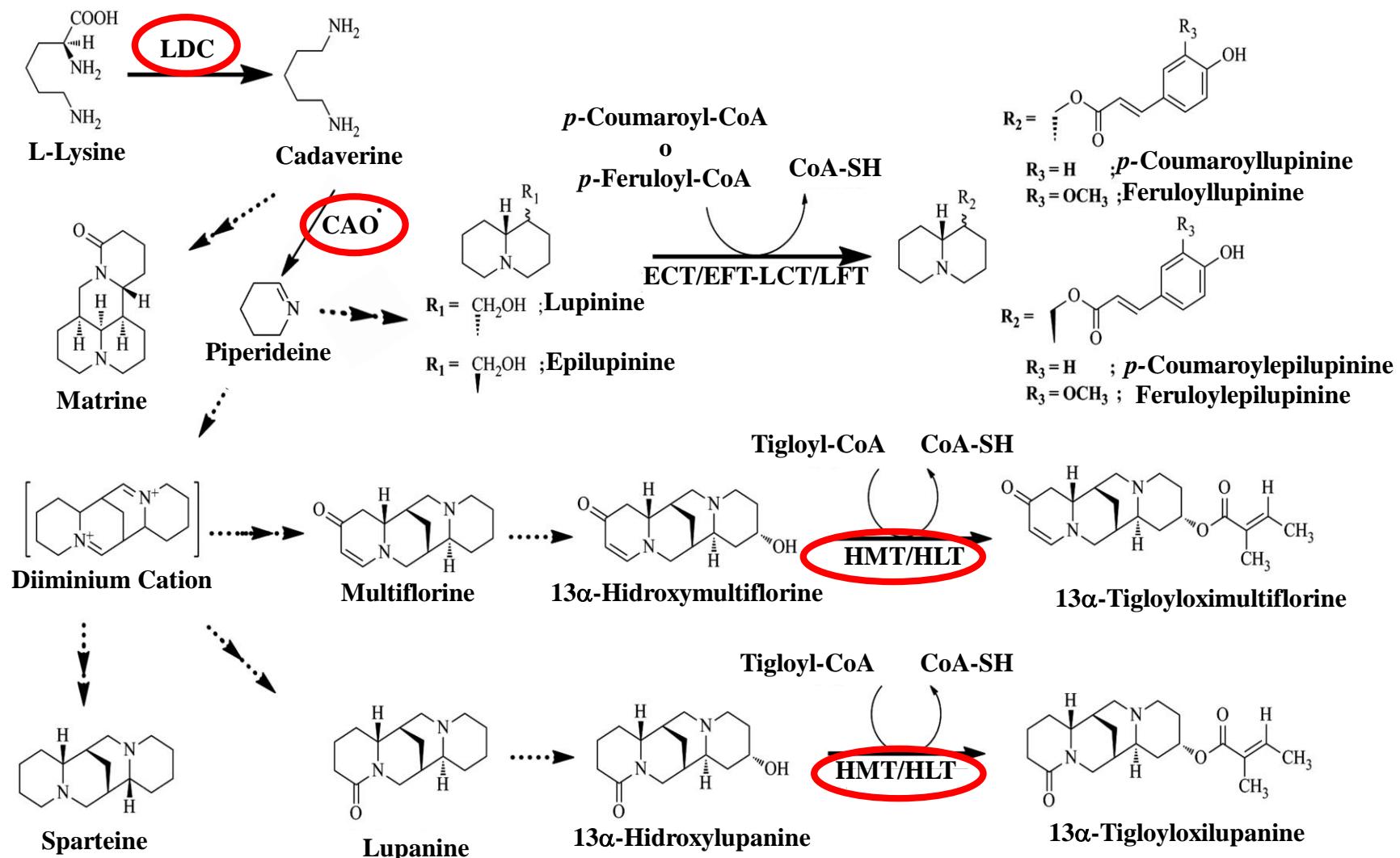
Biosynthesis of QA in photosynthetic tissues



LDC: Lysine decarboxylase

(Wink & Hartman, 1982; Wink & Witte, 1983; Lee et al., 2007; Bunsupa *et al.* 2012)

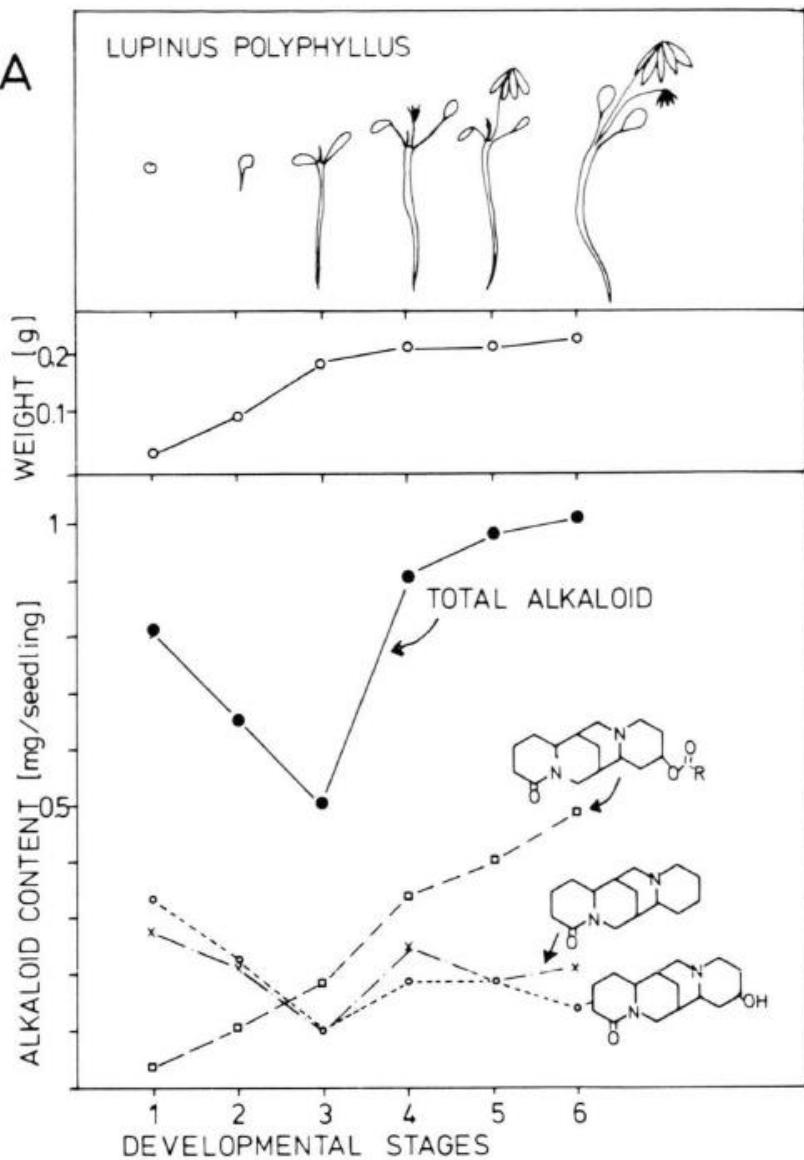
Biosynthesis route?



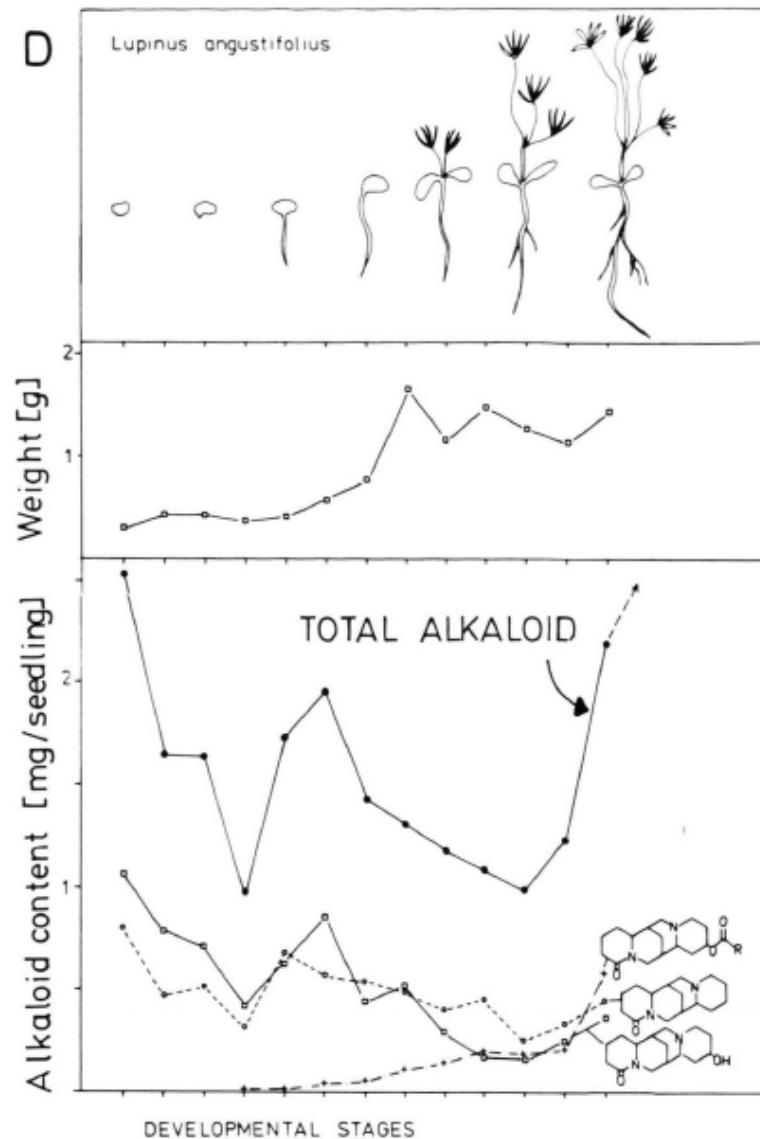
Okada *et al.*, 2005; Bunsupa *et al.*, 2012; Yang *et al.*, 2017

de novo QA biosynthesis

A



D

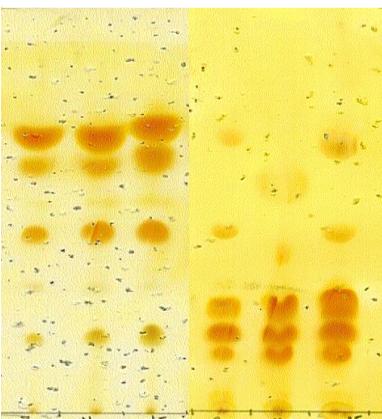


Wink and Witte, 1985

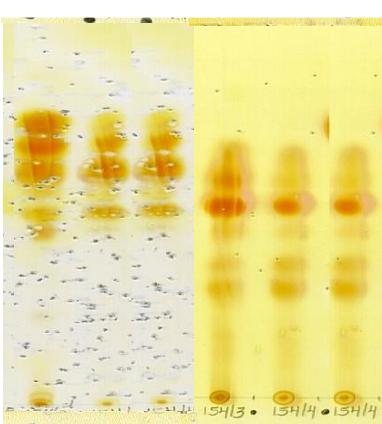
Mexican lupins



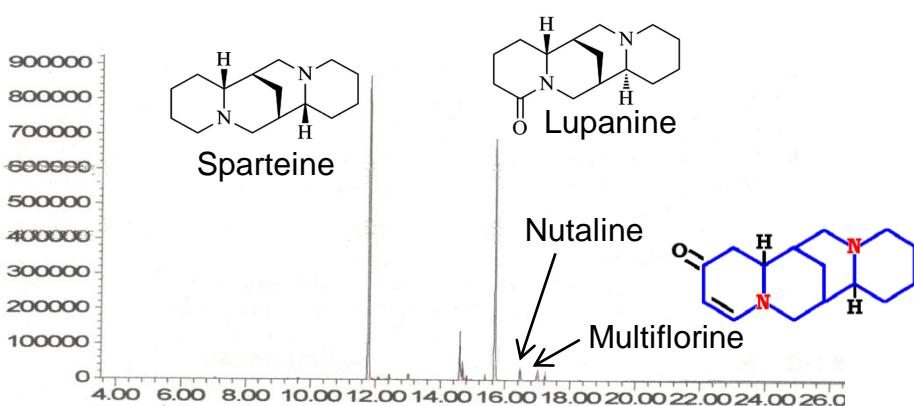
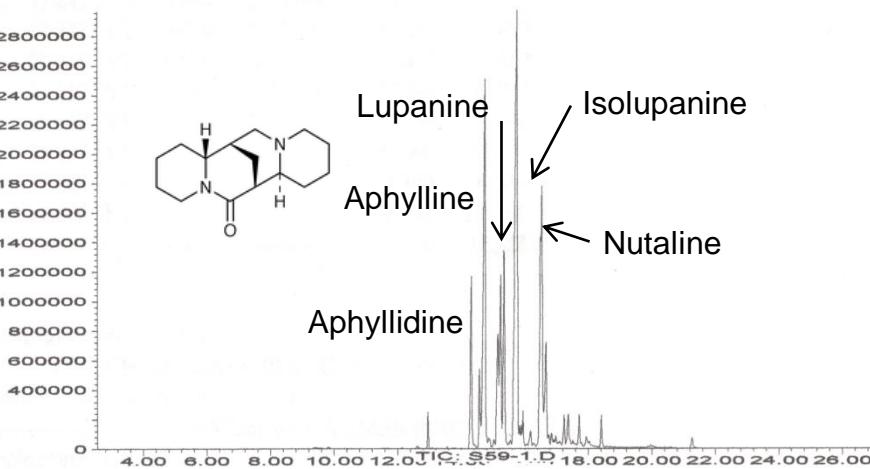
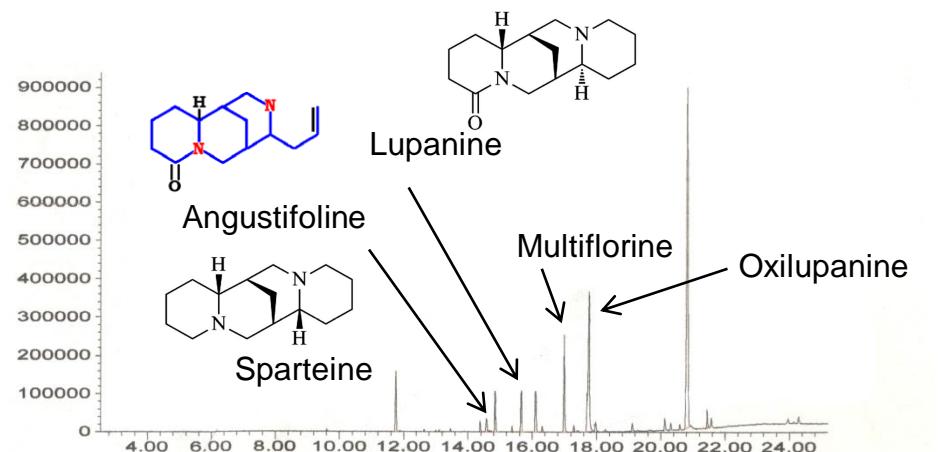
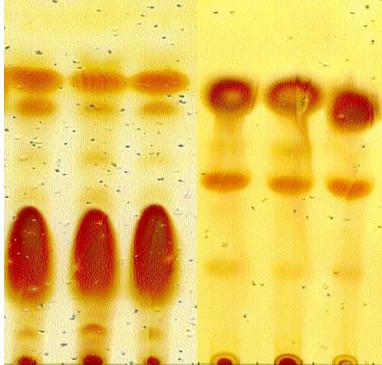
L. aschenbornii



L. bilineatus



L. montanus



QA biosynthesis



L. aschenbornii



L. bilineatus



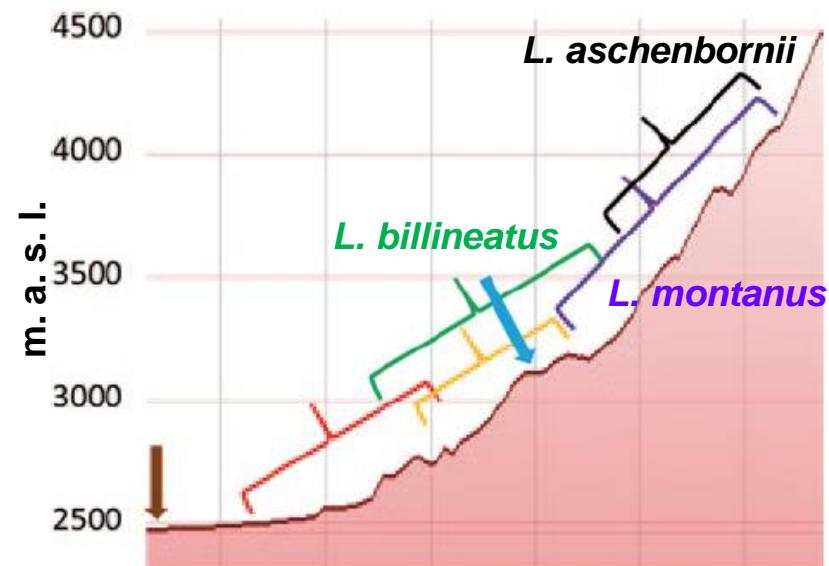
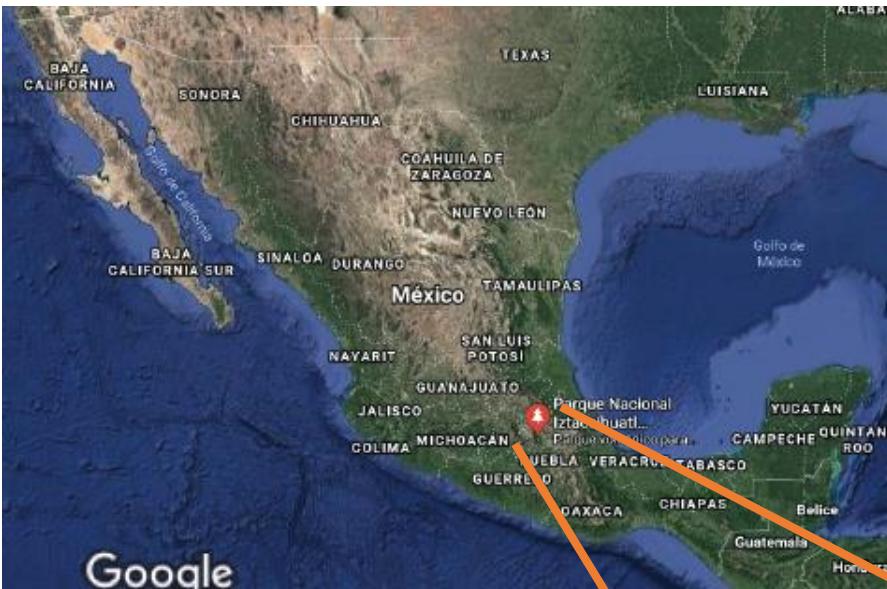
L. montanus



QA used as N source

QA biosynthesis onset and QA diversification, **when and how?**

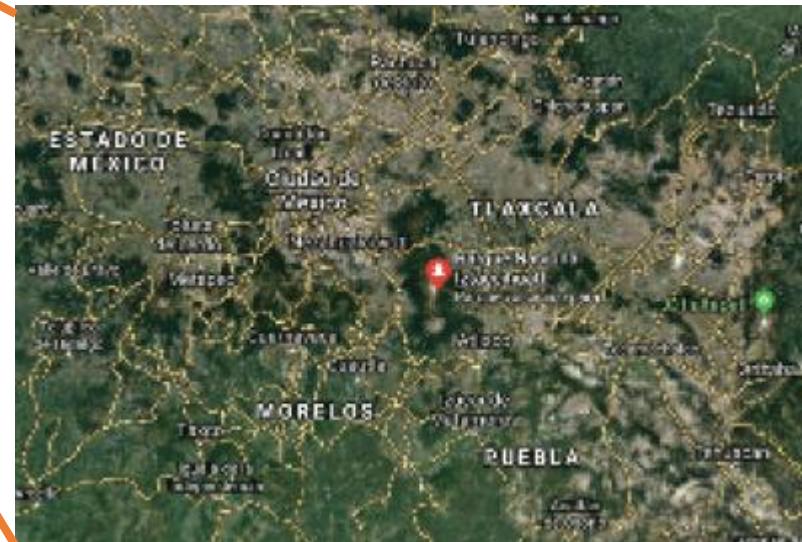
Seed collection



Altitudinal distribution of *Lupinus* species in the Iztaccíhuatl-Popocatepetl

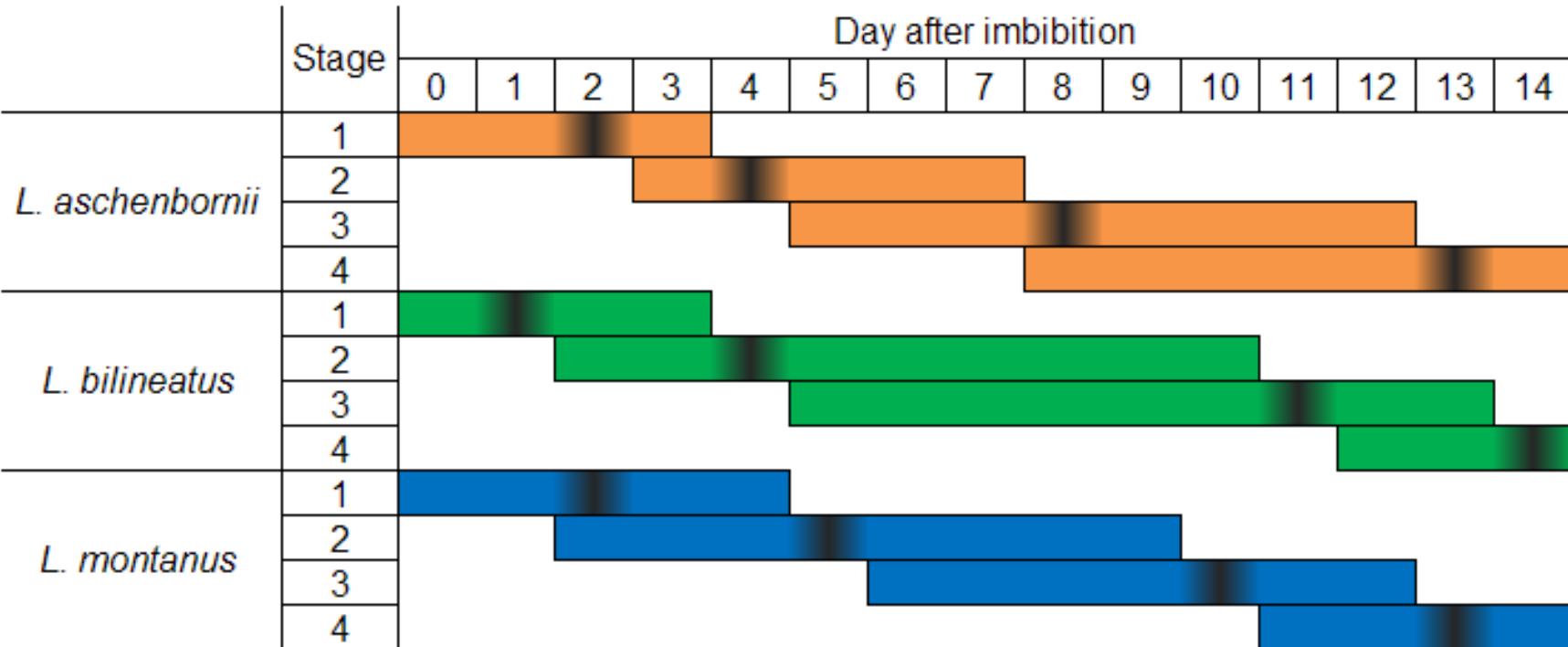


Seeds were obtained from
the seed bank of CEPROBI



Bermúdez-Torres et al 2015

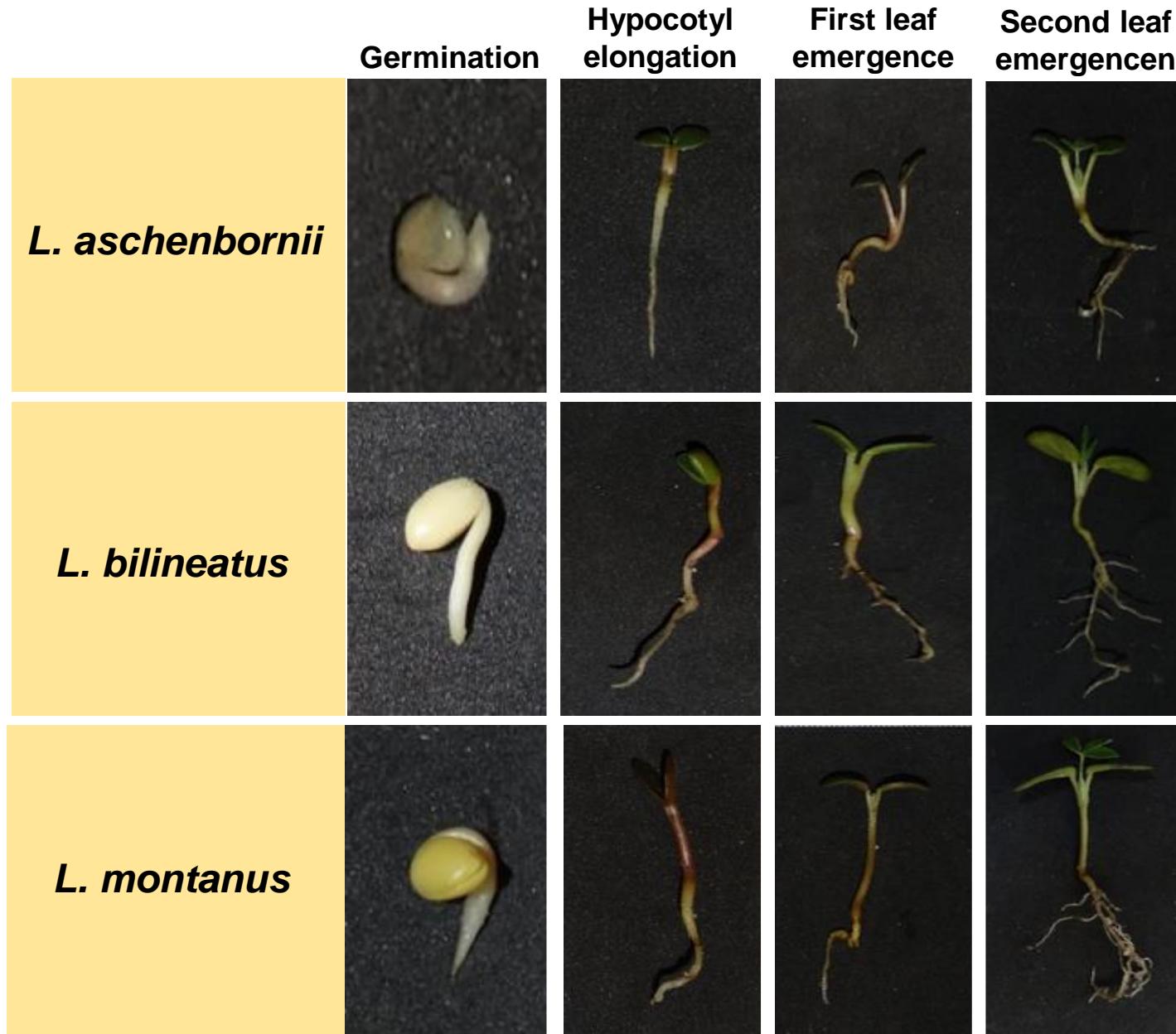
Mexican lupins development



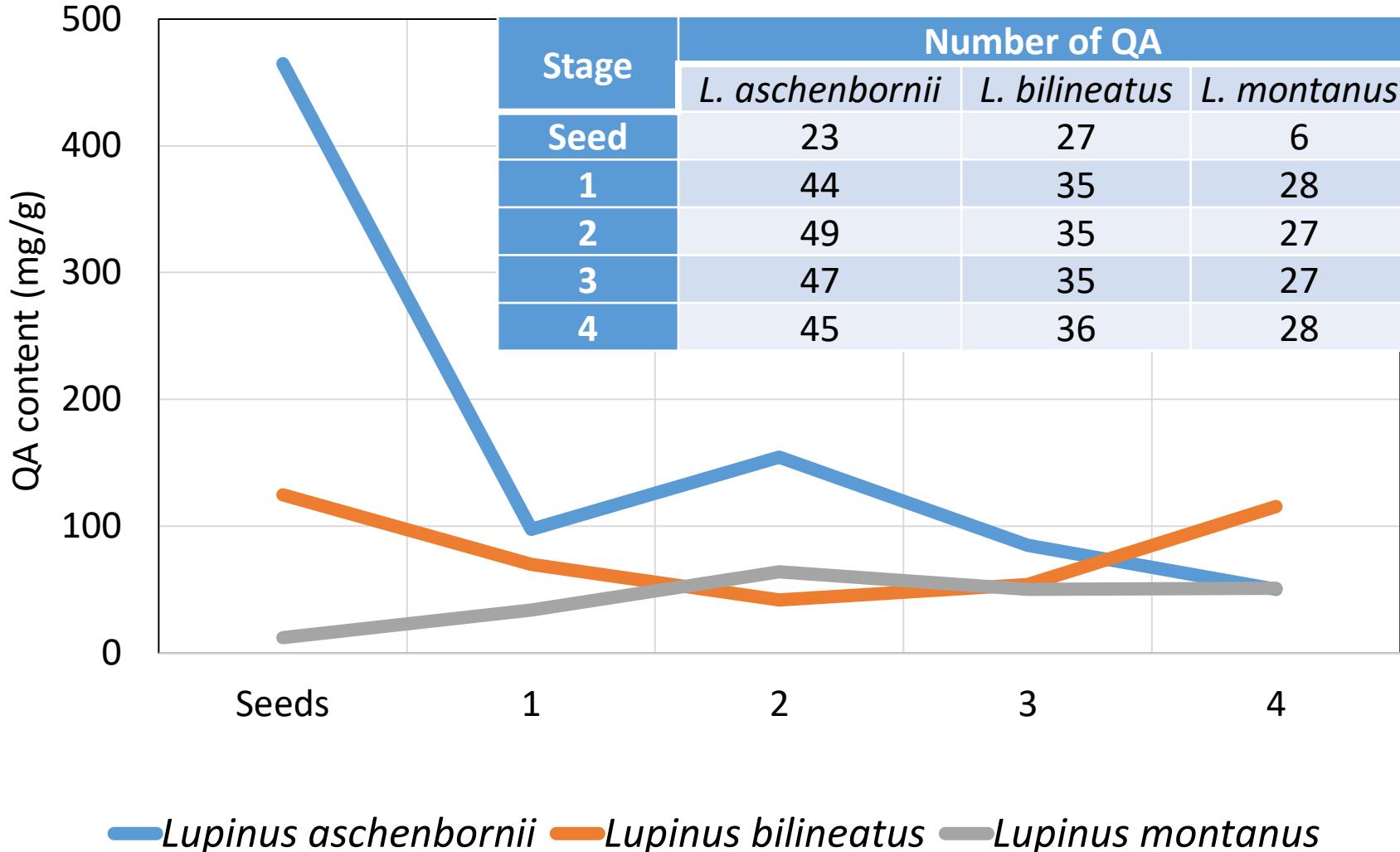
Developmental stages: 1- Germination, 2- Hypocotyl elongation, 3- First leaf emergence,
4- Second leaf emergence

**Grown in agrolite-native soil (10%) at 20 °C,
60% RH and 16/8 h photoperiod**

Mexican lupins development



QA content along seedling development



1- Germination, 2- Hypocotyl elongation, 3- First leaf emergence, 4- Second leaf emergence

Conclusions

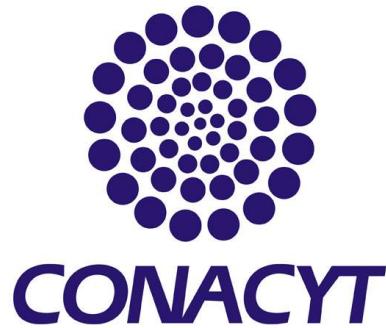
L. aschenbornii, *L. montanus* and *L. bilineatus* seedling development differs on the onset time of each developmental stage as well as in its duration.

Quinolizidine alkaloids seem to be used as a source of N during germination of *L. aschenbornii*, *L. bilineatus* and *L. montanus* seeds.

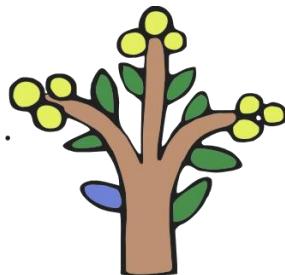
The onset of QA biosynthesis seems to occur after *L. aschenbornii*, *L. montanus* and *L. bilineatus* the second leaf emergence.

Number of QA increases during germination and is highly specific.

Acknowledgments



Ignacio Regla
Macdiel E. Acevedo Quiroz
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Estela González
Norma Robledo



Thank you!



Posters: Health Benefits, Non Food Uses, Biochemistry and Biotechnology